#### **ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE**

Maximum Marks: 80

Time allowed: Two hours

Answers to this Paper must be written on the paper provided separately.

You will **not** be allowed to write during the first **15** minutes.

This time is to be spent in reading the question paper.

The time given at the head of this Paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.

Attempt all questions from Section A and any four questions from Section B.

The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets [].

### **SECTION A (40 Marks)**

(Attempt all questions from this Section.)

Question 1 [16]

Choose the correct answers to the questions from the given options.

(Do not copy the questions, write the correct answers only.)

- (i) Core and buffer zone is present in:
  - (a) National Parks
  - (b) Botanical Gardens
  - (c) Biosphere Reserves
  - (d) Sanctuaries
- (ii) Catalytic converter in vehicles is used for controlling:
  - (a) Soil pollution
  - (b) Air pollution
  - (c) Water pollution
  - (d) Noise pollution

This paper consists of 7 printed pages and 1 blank page.

(111)	The species of animals which are at <i>high risk</i> of endangerment in the wild are called:			
	(a)	Vulnerable species		
	(b)	Rare species		
	(c)	Extinct species		
	(d)	Critically endangered species		
(iv)		Ramsar Convention, 1971, an International Treaty was held for the ervation of:		
	(a)	Soil		
	(b)	Forests		
	(c)	Threatened species		
	(d)	Wetlands		
(v)	The	agency that regulates International Trade is:		
	(a)	IMF		
	(b)	WTO		
	(c)	World Bank		
	(d)	GEF		
(vi)	The	energy generated from the earth is called:		
	(a)	Tidal energy		
	(b)	Wind energy		
	(c)	Geothermal energy		
	(d)	Solar energy		

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(vii)		was the movement started by village women to save the trees.	
	(a)	Greenery Development Project	
	(b)	Beej Bachao Andolan	
	(c)	Chipko Movement	
	(d)	Green Revolution	
(viii)	Growing of two or more crops in the same field is called:		
	(a)	Monoculture	
	(b)	Intercropping	
	(c)	Inter-varietal cropping	
	(d)	Intracropping	
(ix)	The	main aim of secondary cities is to reduce:	
	(a)	Tourism	
	(b)	Congestion	
	(c)	Consumption	
	(d)	Cooperation	
(x)	Def	orestation does not cause:	
	(a)	Global warming	
	(b)	Soil erosion	
	(c)	Loss of forest cover	
	(d)	Basin listing	
(xi)		helps people to understand the need for controlling population.	
	(a)	Education	
	(b)	Superstition	
	(c)	Sanitation	
	(d)	Urbanisation	

(xii)	Which of the following is not an ingredient of vehicular pollution?		
	(a)	Nitrogen oxides	
	(b)	Carbon monoxide	
	(c)	Sulphur dioxide	
	(d)	LPG	
(xiii)	Global food imbalance is due to:		
	(a)	Over cultivation	
	(b)	Monocropping	
	(c)	Crop rotation	
	(d)	Inequality in distribution of surplus produce	
(xiv)	GEF work focuses on:		
	(a)	Biodiversity	
	(b)	Climatic change	
	(c)	Land degradation	
	(d)	All of the above	
(xv)	Kerosene as a desirable cooking fuel is:		
	(a)	Inefficient	
	(b)	Non polluting	
	(c)	Unsafe	
	(d)	Not available easily	
(xvi)	Terr	race farming is an effective method of soil conservation in the:	
	(a)	Plains	
	(b)	Deserts	
	(c)	Hills	
	(d)	Delta	

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# **Question 2**

(i)	Mention any two man-made causes for the loss of biodiversity.	[2]
(ii)	State two advantages of High Yield Variety seeds.	[2]
(iii)	Mention <i>one</i> advantage and <i>one</i> disadvantage of sewage sludge.	[2]
(iv)	Remote sensing satellites are effective in environmental protection.  Give two reasons in support of your answer.	[2]
Ques	tion 3	
(i)	Expand 'CITES'.  Mention its significance.	[2]
(ii)	Mention two benefits of Integrated Rural Development.	[2]
(iii) (iv)	What is alternate technology?  State <i>one</i> benefit of alternate technology.  How can public transport system help to safeguard our environment?	[2]
Ques	tion 4	
(i)	Give one difference between Polyvarietal cultivation and Polyculture.	[2]
(ii)	What is mulching?	[2]
(iii)	Mention <i>two</i> ways in which activities of MNCs can be monitored in developing countries.	[2]
(iv)	Give two impacts of growing population on land.	[2]

## **SECTION B (40 Marks)**

(Attempt any four questions from this Section.)

# **Question 5**

(i)	What is Integrated Pest Management?	[5]
	State any three of its importance in sustainable agriculture.	
(ii)	What is overgrazing?	[5]
	Give any four hazards of overgrazing.	
Ques	stion 6	
(i)	"In most cities increasingly CNG is used as a fuel in vehicles."	[5]
	Give five appropriate reasons for your answer.	
(ii)	What is composting?	[5]
	Mention any three of its advantages.	
Ower	ation 7	
Ques	stion 7	
(i)	Mention three advantages and two disadvantages of hydroelectricity.	[5]
(ii)	What is Zoning?	[5]
	Mention four ways in which Taj Trapezium is an instance of Zoning.	
Ques	stion 8	
(i)	Define International Trade.	[5]
(1)	Mention <i>three</i> ways in which International Trade can reduce global	[5]
	inequalities and thereby help the developing nations.	
(ii)	What is Trickle Drip Irrigation?	[5]
	Mantion two advantages and two disadvantages of Trickle Drin Irrigation	

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# **Question 9**

(1)	What is energy plantation?	[5]
	List any four advantages.	
(ii)	What is Conservation Tillage?	[5]
	Mention three advantages of Conservation Tillage.	
Ques	tion 10	
(i)	What is Mixed Cropping?	[5]
	State any two advantages and any two disadvantages of Mixed Cropping.	
(ii)	"Growth of slums is a common feature of urbanisation."	[5]
	State <i>five</i> disadvantages of the growth of slums.	

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